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Individual ministries fulfilled the plan as follows:

<u>Ministry</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Fuel and Power	101.4
Metallurgical Industry and Ore Mines	95.2
Chemical Industry	101.3
Heavy Machine Building	100.3
General Machine Building	87.2
Light Industry	101.6
Food Industry	96.6
Construction Industry	89.2
Forest and Wood Industry	106.0
Ministry of Information (industrial plants)	94.4
Ministry of Health (industrial plants)	100.6

Compared with the first quarter of 1951, industrial production rose by 18.6 percent during the equivalent period of 1952. Production in heavy industry rose by 27.5 percent, in light industry by 12.6 percent, and in the food industry by 6.4 percent.

The average number of workers in industrial occupations rose by 3.3 percent relative to 1951. Of this figure, the number of blue-collar workers rose by 4.4 percent. The total number of employees in industry, with the exception of blue-collar workers, was lower, however, than the plan called for. Labor productivity rose by 14.8 percent relative to the equivalent period of 1951.

Local industry fulfilled its plan as follows: brick 51 percent, gravel 105 percent, coniferous lumber 185 percent, sets of kitchen furnishings 77 percent, and bedroom suites 94 percent.

The production of certain goods increased over that of the equivalent period of 1951. This was true, to a large extent, even in the case of those products whose production did not fulfill the plan. Figures for some representative items follow:

<u>Product</u>	<u>Percentage Increase</u>
Black coal	3
Brown coal	6
Coke	5
Petroleum	46
Iron ore	16
Electric power	13
Pig iron	5
Rolled goods	11
Wire cables	25
Pneumatic hammers	17
Coal crushers	88
Caterpillar shovel excavators (shovel capacity 2.5 cubic meters)	44
Caterpillar excavators (shovel capacity 1 cubic meter)	336
Concrete mixers (capacity 250 liters)	97
Trucks	18
Gasoline	36
Rayons	21
Cement	7
Baked bricks	13

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<u>Product</u>	<u>Percentage Increase</u>
Work clothes	77
Leather work shoes	21
Coniferous lumber	15
Sets of kitchen furnishings	44
Bedroom suites	47
Milled wheat products	3
Milled rye products	12
Bread	24
Edible oils	79
Edible synthetic fats	23
Milk for consumption	3
Dairy butter	10
Cigarettes	14

The volume of investment construction rose by 20 percent, compared with the first quarter of 1951. The construction of the Slapy Waterworks is behind schedule because of insufficient deliveries of equipment. The construction industry as a whole increased its production by 7 percent, compared with last year. In Slovakia, the construction industry increased its output by more than 10.1 percent. In spite of this rise, production was 16.6 percent lower than planned. The investment construction and apartment housing plan was fulfilled 79.9 percent.

The Czechoslovak Railroads fulfilled the freight transportation plan 95.8 percent and the passenger transportation plan 101.1 percent. Highway freight transportation fulfilled its plan 83.7 percent, while passenger transportation fulfilled its plan 109.3 percent. The water transportation plan was fulfilled 126.4 percent.

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